

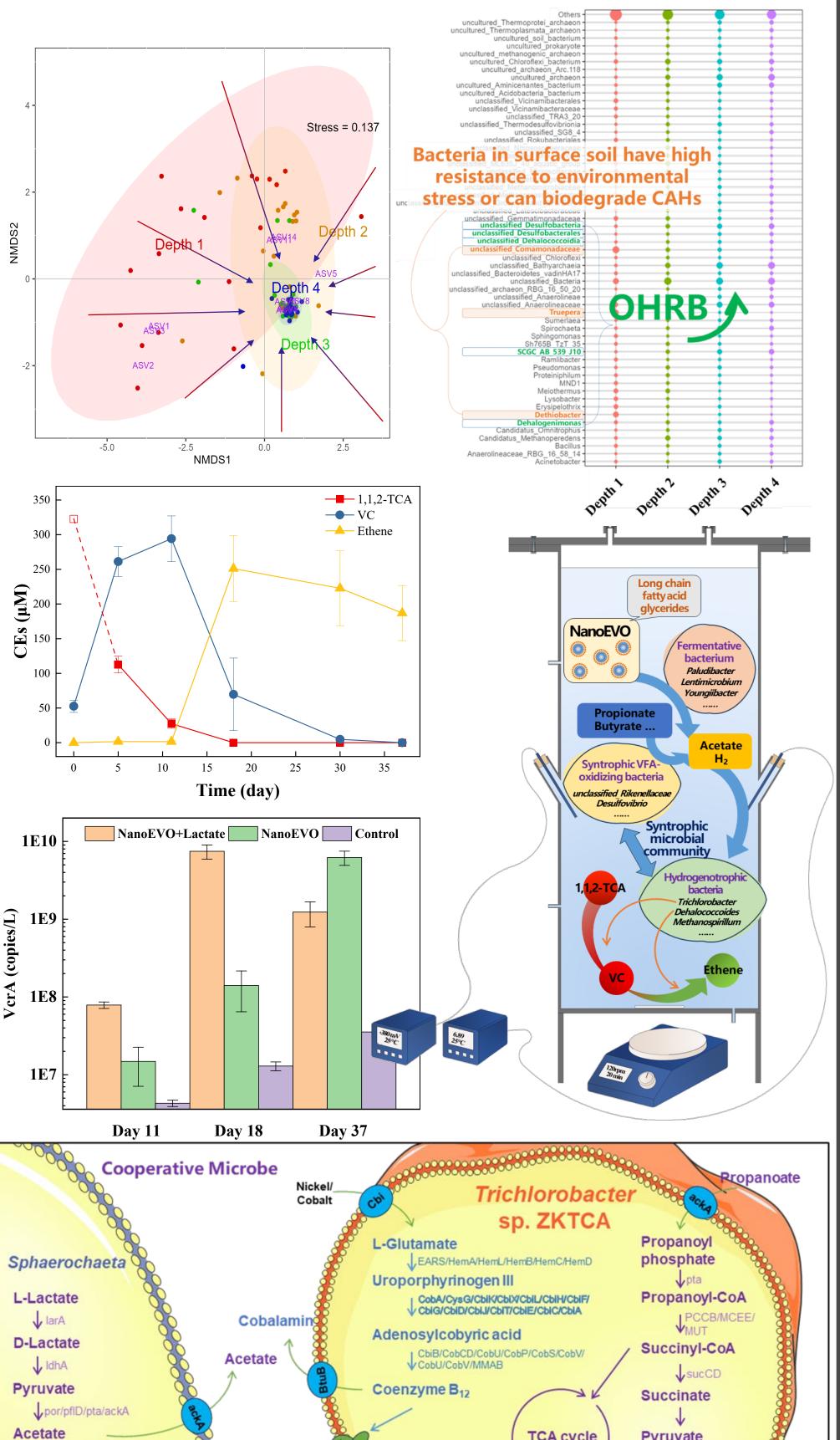
Evaluation of potential for reductive dechlorination at CAHs contaminated site and Biostimulation Enhanced Reductive **Dechlorination pilot study**

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CAHs contamination is common in industrial sites. For contaminated sites with poor permeability, there are urgent to study the microbial community to evaluate the potential of enhanced reductive dechlorination, develop nanoscale durable biostimulant and remediation microbial inoculum.

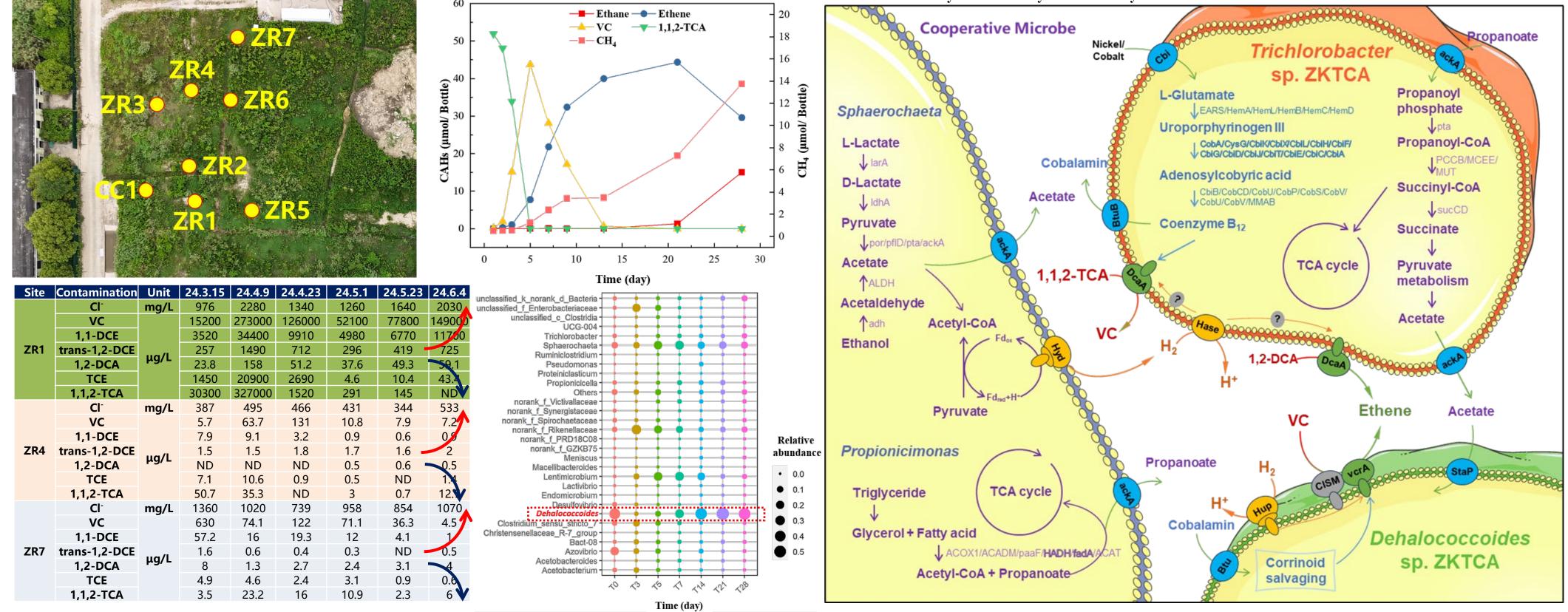
Survey Overview

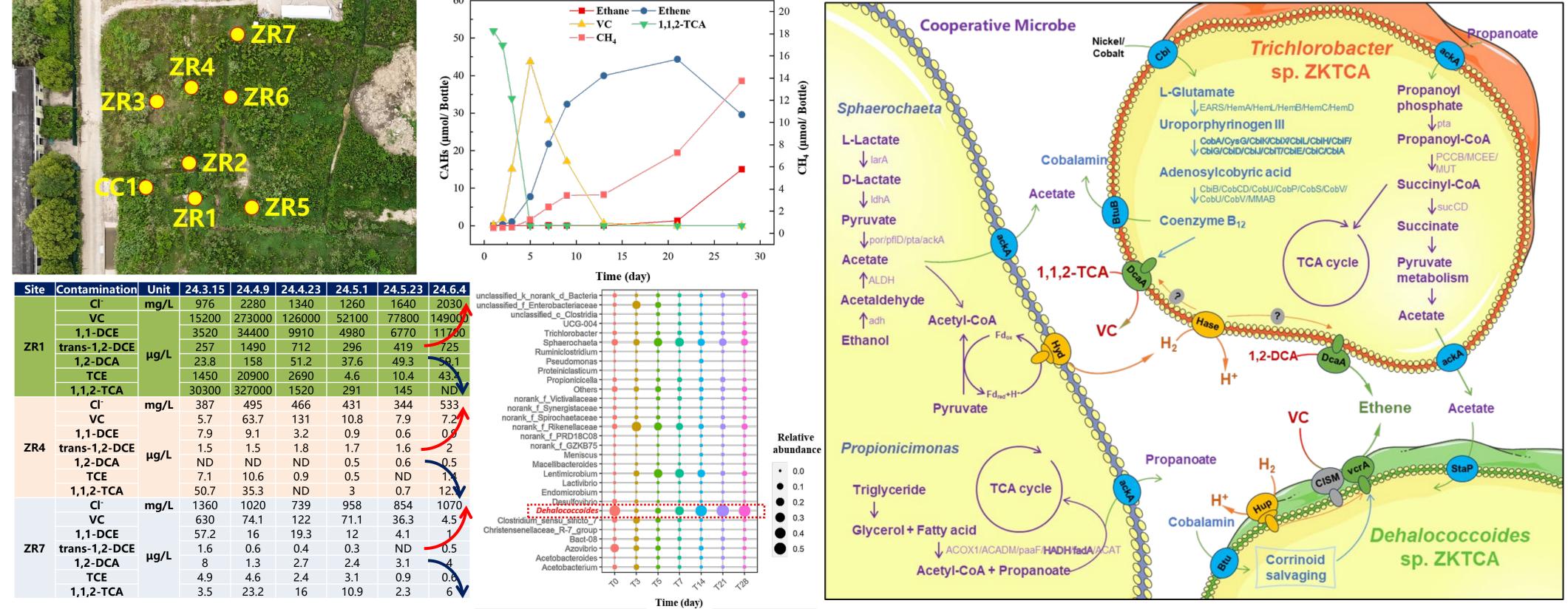
- \Box Soil samples at different depths (0 6 m) were collected in the demonstration site and analyzed for physical and chemical properties, contamination and microbial communities.
- □ The relative abundance of organic halogen respiratory bacteria (especially *Dehalococcoides*) increased gradually with depth.
- □ reductive dechlorination community reduces CAHs stress and is a key taxa to improve the stability and complexity of soil microbial community.



ERD Research Overview

- □ Under the amendment of NanoEVO-based biostimulant, 1, 1,2-TCA in groundwater of ZJG contaminated site was completely dechlorinated to ethene via VC. During VC dechlorination, the abundance of *Dehalococcoides* and *vcr*A increased by 10^2 and 10^3 , respectively.
- **C**Reductive dechlorination consortium—**ZJGTCA** could completely dechlorinate 143 mg/L 1,1,2-TCA to ethene in 13 days, and the relative abundance of *Dehalococcoides* reached 47%. The simplified dechlorination community composed of four bacteria in ZJGTCA includes multiple functions such as de novo synthesis cobalamin, syntrophic-VFAs oxidation, acetate and H₂ generation.
- □ In 3-month pilot study of contaminated sites, a decrease in maternal CAHs and an increase in metabolites were detected.





Acknowledgement:

This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research, innovation programme under grant agreement N°965945 and National Natural Science Foundation of China (No. 32061133003) This presentation reflects only the author's view and the European Commission is not responsible for any use that may be made of the information it contains.

